

Cemeteries as eternal green-spaces? Shifting uses in the United States and Sweden

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Cemetery Purposes



Policy Differences United States

Sweden

- Publicly owned/managed
- All Swedes pay a burial tax
- Burial tax funds pay for maintenance of green spaces
- Re-use of graves (without disturbing bodies already buried)
- All cemeteries protected for cultural value in the law
- Management plan for long term preservation of the landscape

- Privately owned/managed
- Grave sites privately owned
- Sale of gravesite lots and burials pay for green space management
- Only some cemeteries are protected as cultural and historical landscapes
- Some state government oversight
- Management plan dependent on cemetery staff/Board of Directors

Case Studies

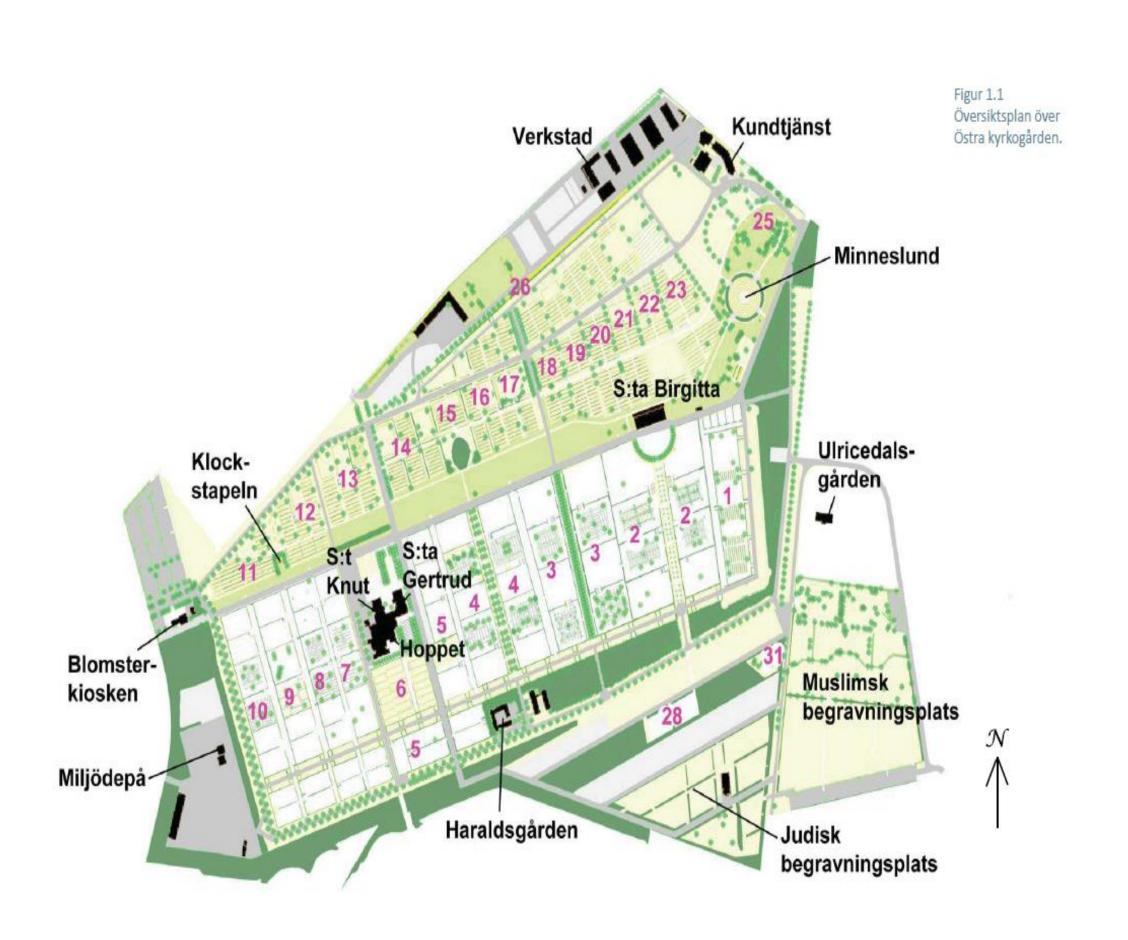
Eastern Cemetery Malmö, Sweden



Green-Wood Cemetery Brooklyn, New York



Eastern Cemetery - Malmö, Sweden



• Size: 60 hectares (148 acres)

• Landscape topography:

 One large hill separating the two flat areas on the north and south side.

• Founded: 1917

• Architect: Sigurd Lewerentz

Neighbors

 Large housing complexes, student housing

Eastern Cemetery - Malmö, Sweden





Landscape Management and Public Use

Eastern Cemetery

- Landscaping effect the use many of the graves are hidden by hedges
- A change in acceptance by the officials, the visitors and the grave owners
- Does not actively try to invite people
- No events driven by the cemetery, but private vendors are operating



Evolution

Eastern Cemetery

- As more graves will be returned, the cemeteries will be more open
- The more open the cemetery is, the more it will be used as a park
- Changes views on how the funds will be used

"We, the taxpayers, who fund the cemetery, what do we want it to provide?"



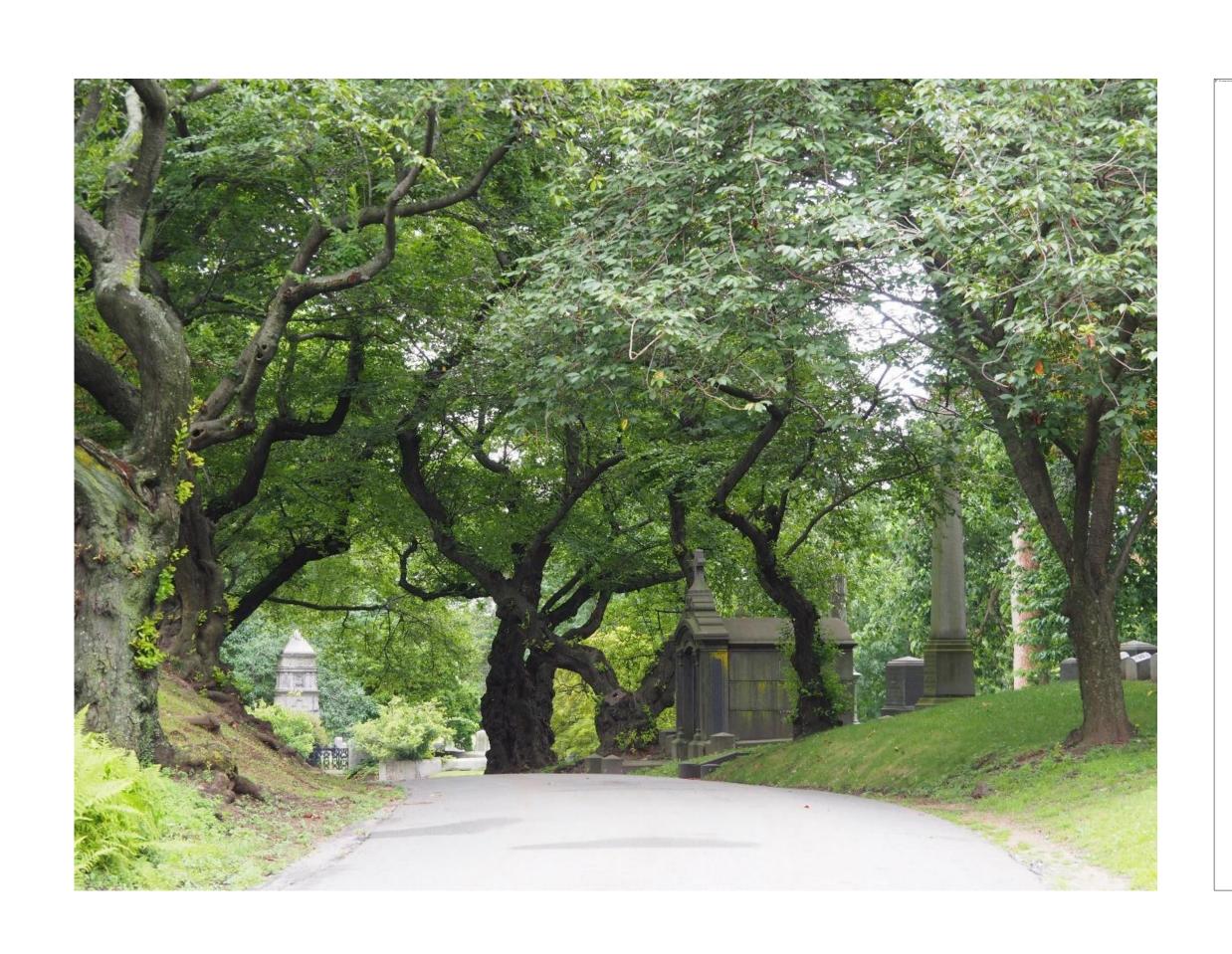


Green-Wood Cemetery - Brooklyn, New York



- Size: 478 acres (193 hectares)
 - 560,000 permanent residents
- Landscape Topography:
 - Paths, hills, valleys, glacial ponds
- Founded: 1838
 - Early rural cemeteries movement
- National Historic Landmark
 - Architecture, historic grave statuary
- Neighbors
 - Ethnically diverse neighborhoods

Green-Wood Cemetery – Brooklyn, New York



Landscape Management and Public Use

Green-Wood Cemetery

- Changing turf practices, working with instead of against nature
- Alive at Green-Wood program about nature/biodiversity signage and map
- Certified Arboretum in 2015
- Extensive public event programming - history, art, horticulture, and nature
- Enhanced openness to visitors at gates, neighborhood inclusion



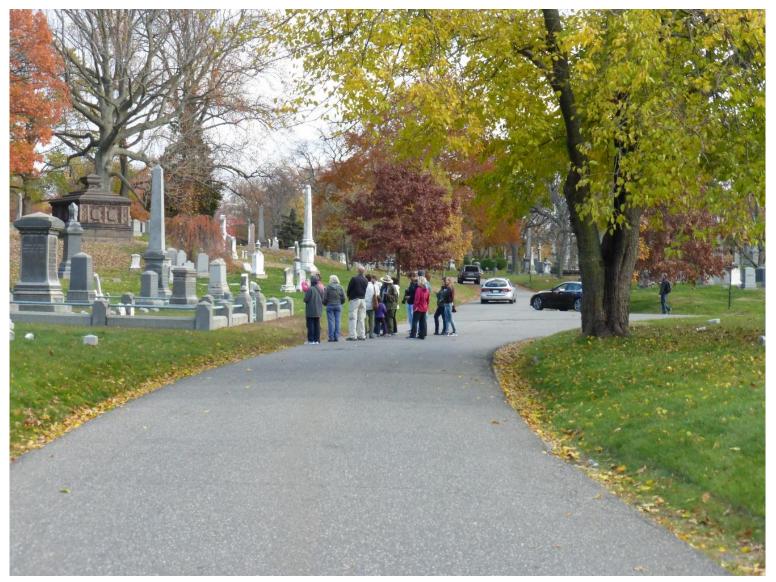
Evolution

Green-Wood Cemetery

- New program and horticultural staff pivotal to increased public event focus
- Welcome and Educational Center to enhance education and access to archives
- Burial lot space has become limited, so need new sources of income

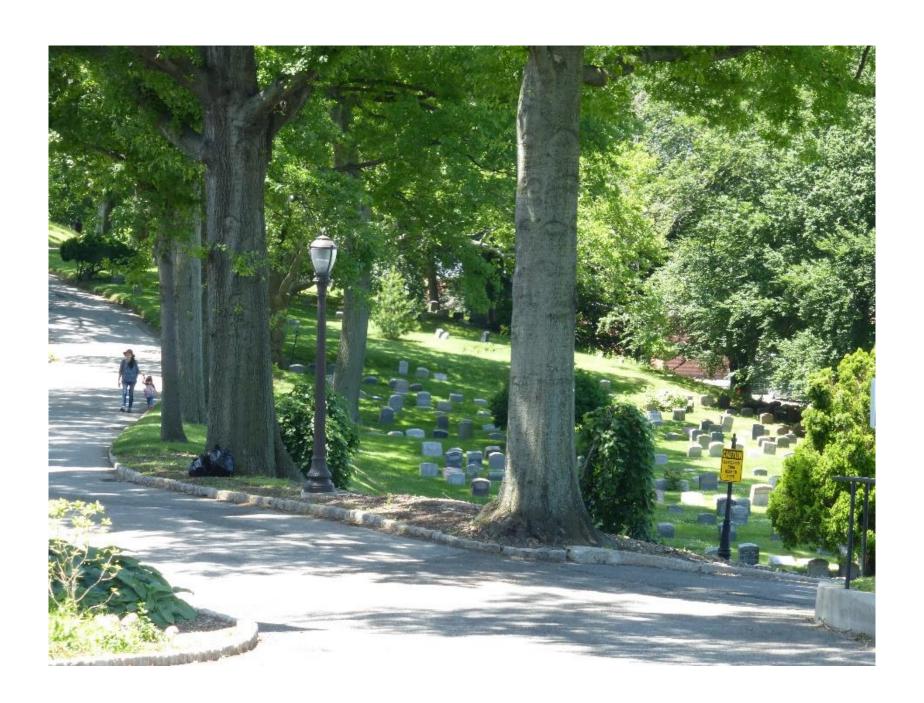
"We have two missions. To bury the dead in Brooklyn, but also to maintain what we have here. So that's the balancing act...."

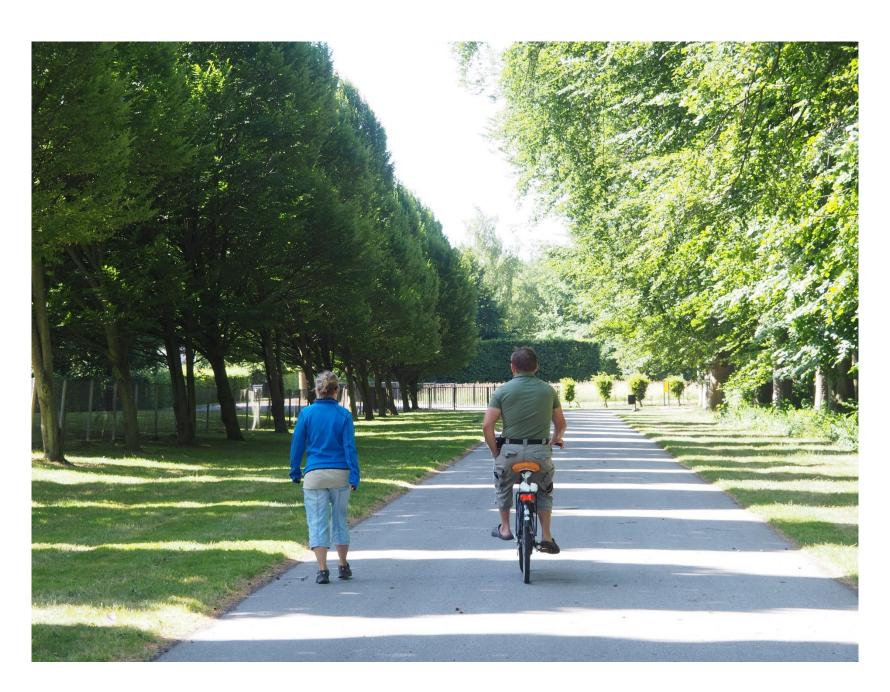




Future Directions

- As cities densify, the importance of cemeteries use as urban green spaces will increase
- Cemeteries will remain sacred places of burials, internments and memorial
- Peoples use and perspectives on cemeteries are changing
- Public versus private funding effects management and maintenance decisions







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